Approach Document and Usage Guide Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Release 12.2.0.0.0 [May] [2016]



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1. Introduction

A Web service is a software system designed to support interoperable machine-to-machine interaction over a network. It has an interface described in a machine-readable format (specifically WSDL). Other systems interact with the Web service in a manner prescribed by its description using SOAP messages, typically conveyed using HTTP with an XML serialization in conjunction with other Web-related standards.

UDDI is a flexible yet structured solution that provides a foundational description and discovery infrastructure for Web services.

 UDDI Services maximize the visibility of existing code and applications; it helps to realize the vision of reusing code and development resources. UDDI Services provide a powerful tool that can help manage Web services across an organization.

The Oracle Service Registry provides a UDDI v3-compliant platform for publishing, categorizing and discovering Web services and related resources across the enterprise.

Oracle Service Registry is the key component of Service Oriented Architecture, It enables service providers to expose and advertise service offerings and allows service consumers to find access and/or invoke services that meet defined criteria.



Web services an Example:





1.1 Need for UDDI Registry

UDDI Registry is necessary to publish the Web services on to the Application Server.

- The UDDI registry can help to address these issues and provides the following benefits:
- It delivers visibility when identifying which services within the organization can be reused to
 address a business need. It promotes reuse and prevents reinvention. It accelerates development
 time and improves productivity. This ability of UDDI to categorize a growing portfolio of services
 makes it easier to manage them. It helps you understand relationships between components,
 supports versioning and manages dependencies.
- It supports service configurability and adaptability by using the service-oriented architectural principle of location and transport independence. Users can dynamically discover services stored in the UDDI registry.
- It allows you to understand and manage relationships between services, component versions and dependencies.
- It makes it possible to manage the business service lifecycle. For example, the process of moving services through each phase of development, from coding to public deployment.

1.2 Application of a UDDI Registry

A UDDI registry stores data and metadata about business services. A UDDI registry offers a standards-based mechanism to classify, catalog and manage Web services so that they can be discovered and consumed by other applications. As part of a generalized strategy of indirection among services-based applications, UDDI offers several benefits to IT managers at both design-time and run-time, including increasing code reuse and improving infrastructure management by:

- Publishing information about Web services and categorization rules (taxonomies) specific to an organization.
- Finding Web services that meet given criteria.



- Determining the security and transport protocols supported by a given Web service and the parameters necessary to invoke the service.
- Providing a means to insulate applications (and providing fail-over and intelligent routing) from failures or changes in invoked services

1.2.1 Benefits of UDDI

- Allows category-related support allows the consumers makes easier and faster to locate a target web service.
- Publisher assigned keys This is very important for lifecycle maintenance of a Web service. For example, it enables the same key to be used in a development registry, a test registry and a production registry.
- Category Bags & Binding Templates This is valuable as it can allow searching of Web services based on the technical details of how it is exposed (e.g. restricting Web services to those exposed via WS-Reliable Messaging).
- Category groups and derivations of categories This enables more structured and rich descriptions of services.
- Wildcard searching against entities and taxonomies This indeed provides huge value for enterprises managing large amount of services.



2. Document Overview

The document describes the following

- Installation of Oracle Service Registry
- Creation of User Accounts
- Adding New Business / Provider
- Taxonomy Creation
- Publishing Web services
- Associating Classification to Web services
- Discovering Web services based on the categorization



3. Requirements

Publishing of FCUBS Gateway Web services on to Oracle Service Registry.



4. Prerequisites

4.1 Hardware / Software Required

 Oracle Service Registry 11.1.1.5 http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/registry/osr111productdocumentation-159992.pdf

The underlying hardware and software requirements of Oracle Service Registry can be found at the above mentioned URL.



5. System Description

5.1 About Oracle Service Registry

Oracle Service Registry is the only fully V3-compliant implementation of UDDI (Universal Description, Discovery and Integration), and is a key component of a Service Oriented Architecture (SOA). Oracle Service Registry is an easy-to-use, standards-based mechanism for publishing and discovering Web services and related resources like XML Schemas or XSLT transformations.

Oracle Service Registry fully implements the OASIS UDDI V3 standard. Oracle Service Registry can be deployed in almost any Java environment and works with all popular database systems. In addition, the registry has been designed specifically for enterprise deployment and includes many advanced features that make it easy to configure, deploy, manage and secure.

Oracle Service Registry is a platform-independent solution that can easy be deployed in a wide variety of settings. Oracle Service Registry (OSR) provides the following capabilities.

- OSR allows creating the account for user who wants to access the oracle registry.
- OSR allows publishing web services, by uploading WSDL (one at a time).
- OSR allows creating the Taxonomy Structure (defines the classification to be used while classifying the services published).
- OSR allows associating the classification created (using the previous step) to the services published into the Oracle Service Registry.

Using JAXR, some of the OSR capabilities can be performed such as

- Publishing Web services by uploading the WSDL.
- Classification of Web services published based on the categorization.



5.2 **Design Architecture**



• Business Entity: A top-level data structure that holds descriptive information about a business,

Service descriptions and technical information are expressed within a business Entity.

- Business Service: The Business Service represents a logical service and contains descriptive information in business terms. A Business Service is the logical child of a single Business Entity.
- Binding Template: The Binding Templates structure for a given Business Service holds the technical descriptions of the Web services that constitute the Business Service.
- tModel: One common use for tModel entities is to represent technical specifications or concepts. For example, a tModel can be used to represent a specification that defines wire protocols, interchange formats and interchange sequencing rules.

The creation of user account is the first step that has to be performed after Installing the Oracle Service Registry. When creating users through Account management in OSR Tool, you'll be asked to enter values for the items discussed above. A snapshot of values for the above items is shown below



Assertions limit:	10
Bindings limit:	2
Businesses limit:	1
Services limit:	4
Subscriptions limit:	5
TModels limit:	100

Business limit is the number of Business that you can maintain. Services limit is the number of services that a Business can have and Bindings limit is the number of bindings that can be attached to each Service that has been published. The values to these details are defaulted by Oracle Service Registry as shown below; you can change these values accordingly.



6. Installation

6.1 Oracle Service Registry Setup

6.1.1 Introduction

Installing the oracle service registry involves creating a database and creating a schema for UDDI registry and deploying the service registry into the specified oracle application server.

6.1.2 Installing Oracle Service Registry

Oracle Service Registry can be downloaded from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/registry/downloads/index.html

The document for installing the oracle service registry (Registry.pdf) can be downloaded from the link above.

Additional detail to be noted while Installing Oracle Service Registry

- During Installation the Service Registry Installer will ask for details to create the Administrator account, kindly make a note of the details that you enter.
- Make sure all jar files are included while submitting JDBC Drivers Path.



7. Configuration and Deployment

7.1 System Configurations

. . . .

7.1.1 Adding New Business / Provider

Before starting with Adding New Business / Provider the following item must be done.

- 1. User must be created and sufficient rights must be given to the user.
- In order to Add New Business the user has to login into the Publish space from the home page as shown below i.e. Home > Publish as shown below.



3. On click of Publish, the following screen will be displayed where the user has to submit credentials i.e. username & password (username & password that was submitted during OSR Installation).

Login	
User name:	admin
Password:	Jobelek .
Login	Cancel

4. On successful submission of credentials, the following page will be displayed.



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g Registry Control		Oracle Service Registry Skip to content Logout 🖟 🛷
Home > Publish		Welcome admin
Browse Search Publish Profile	Manage	
Publish = Subscriptions = Custody transfer = WS	DL = XML = XSD = XSLT	
admin's workspace Businesses >> Image: the system of the	Publish	Add business Add tModel

5. On click of Add Business button, the following screen will be displayed where in you'll be asked to enter details for adding a new Business as shown below.

ORACLE: Enterprise Manager 11 g Registry Control				Oracle Service Registry Skip to content Logout 🕼 🛷
Home > Publish > Add business				Welcome admin
Browse Search Publish Profile	Manage			
Publish = Subscriptions = Custody transfer = WSD	L = <u>XML</u> = <u>XSD</u> =	<u>XSLT</u>		
(admin's workspace Businesses 22 B- (in the index), 22	Add business	ou to create new businesses.]
	* Name:	FLEXCUBE	Language:	English
	Description:	Flexcube Corporate	Language:	English
	Business key:			
				Add Business Cancel

- 6. After entering the necessary details, click Add Business button as shown above.
- 7. If the above business has been created successfully you'll be able to view the same on the left pane i.e. admin workspace as shown below.



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11 g Registry Control		Oracle Servic Skip to content Logou	ce Registry <u>ut 🔯 🛷</u>				
Home > Publish > Edit business Welcome adm							
Browse Search Publish Profile	Manage						
Publish = Subscriptions = Custody transfer = WSDL = XML = XSD = XSLT							
() admin's workspace → → → → → → → → → → → → →	Edit business 'FLEXCUBE' Details	G					
E A FLEXCUBE »	Business Key	uddi:755d2390-8494-11e1-9c16-423c3c719c15	DETAILS				
Oracle Service Registry »			00				
⊕ ©n tModels »	Name	Language	SERVICES				
	FLEXCUBE	English 🦉 📗					
		Add name					
	Description	Language					
	Flexcube Corporate	English 📝 🏢					
		(Add description)	IDENTIFIERS				
	🍳 Operational Info						
	Authorized name	admin					
	Node ID	Oracle	PERMISSIONS				
	UDDI v2 key	755d2390-8494-11e1-9c16-423c3c719c15	9				
	Created	Apr 12, 2012 5:11:35 PM	RELATIONSHIPS				
	Last modified	Apr 12, 2012 5:11:35 PM					
	R Not signed						
		Publish WSDL) Save changes					

This completes the step of Adding New Business / Provider.

7.2 Taxonomy Creation

Taxonomy creation is functionality that will be used to create the user defined classification structure. Once the taxonomy is created, services will be classified in any one of the classification, this facilitates easy way of searching the services published into Oracle Service Registry.

In order to create a taxonomy you'll have to login into Registry Management from the home page as shown below i.e. Home > Registry Management.



Oracle Service Registry)					
Oracle Service Registry 11.1.1 Registry Step By Step Guide About Oracle Registry						
Oracle Service Registry is the most complete and proven business services registry pr services. The Registry provides you with what you need to obtain enterprise-wide insi Much more than just a UDDT registry, the Registry captures and makes discoverable b becoming the system of record for your business services Oracle Service Registry provides two user interfaces.	oviding a foundation for the governance and lifecycle management of your business pht, control and economic leverage of your organization's business services assets. usiness service descriptions into a centrally managed, reliable and searchable location,					
Registry Control	Business Service Control					
Using the Registry Control users can browse and publish registry content, create subscriptions and perform ownership changes. The Registry Control is the primary console for administrators to perform registry management.	Using the Business Service Control developers, architects and business users can browse the various perspectives of the Registry including business-relevant classifications such as service and interface lifecycle, compliance or					
Getting Started with the Registry Control Browse - Buxese registry content including services, service providers, service endpoints and interfaces, and business service artifacts Business Search registry content including services, service endpoints and interfaces, and business service artifacts Business Services Bindings Mudels Direct get WSDL XML XSD XSLT Publish - By logging in you can publish registry content including services, service providers, service endpoints and interfaces. You can also subscribe to receive notifications of registry changes and transfer ownership of your entities to other users. Publish Subscriptions Custody transfer WSDL XML XSD XSLT Profile - By logging in you can manage your user account profile including properties, groups, and your favorite taxonomies. Maage - By logging in you can manage your user account profile including properties, groups, and your favorite taxonomies. Maage - By logging in you can perform various management tasks (Registry consignation administrators can perform various management tasks (Registry consignation) Registry control configuration Registry control configuration Refer to the Oracle Senvice Registry User's Guide and Registry Control Reference for the content of Registry Control Reference	operational/readiness status, and browsing information through business-relevant abstractions of SOA information such as schemas, interface local names or namespaces. The business Service Control also provides easy to use and customizable publication wizards. Connect to the <u>Business Service Control</u>					
	J					

8. On click of Registry Management, the following screen will be displayed where the user has to submit credentials i.e. username & password (username & password that was submitted during OSR Installation).

Login	
User name:	admin
Password:	Jobolok
Login	Cancel

9. On successful login, you'll be routed to the screen below where you can find a button called Taxonomy Management as shown below.



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11 Registry Control		Oracle Service Registry Skip to content Logout 🕻 🛷
<u>Home</u> > <u>Registry management</u>		Welcome admin
Browse Search Publish	Profile Manage	
Registry management ··· Registry config	uration 🐘 Registry control configurati	ion
Registry management)
Management of user accounts	Account management	
Management of user groups	Group management	
User and group permissions	Permissions	
Taxonomy management	Taxonomy management	
Replication management	Replication management	
Replace UDDI keys in	(tModel) business service binding	
Replace URLs	Replace URLs	
Delete deprecated tModels	Select tModels	
Transform keyed references	Transform	
Statistics	Statistics	
Management of configurations	Configuration management	

10. On click of this button you'll be routed to the next page where you can find a button called Add Taxonomy at the bottom of the page as shown below.

Character Enterprise Manager 11 g Oracle Service Registry Legistry Control Skip to content Logout 2								
H <u>ome</u> > <u>Registry management</u> > <u>Find taxonomy</u> Welcome admin								
Browse Search Publish	Profile Manage							
Registry management 👘 Registry configu	ration = <u>Registry control configuration</u>							
Find taxonomy								
Show:	enterprise taxonomies							
Displaving results 1 - 13 of 13								
Name	Description	Checked	Edit	Delete	Edit Structure	Download		
ntis-gov:naics:2002	Business Taxonomy: NAICS (2002 Release)	~	1	Û	2			
thomasregister-com:supplierID	Thomas Registry Suppliers	×	7	Û				
ubr-uddi-org:iso-ch:3166-2003	ISO 3166 Codes for names of countries and their subdivisions. Updated with newsletters ISO 3166-1 V-1, V-2, V-3, V-4, V-5, V-6, V-7.	~	1	Û	2			
uddi-org:general_keywords	Category system consisting of namespace identifiers and the keywords associated with the namespaces.	~	1	Û	2			
uddi-org:isReplacedBy	Identifier system used to point to the UDDI entity, using UDDI keys, that is the logical replacement for the one in which isReplacedBy is used.	~	7	Û	2			
uddi-org:resource:reference	A checked category system used to refer to the tModel of another resource.	~	7	Û	R			
uddi-org:resource:type	An checked category system used to indicate the type of resource	~	1	Û	M			
uddi-org:types	UDDI Type Category System	~	1	Û	1			
uddi-org:wsdl:categorization:protocol	Category system used to describe the protocol supported by a wsdl:binding	~	1	Û	2			
uddi-org:wsdl:categorization:transport	Category system used to describe the transport supported by a wsdl:binding.	~	7	Û	2			
uddi-org:wsdl:portTypeReference	TA category system used to reference a wsdl:portType tModel	~	7	Û	2			
uddi-org:wsdl:types	WSDL Type Category System	~	7	Û	M			
unspsc-org:unspsc:v6.0501	unspsc-org:unspsc:v6.0501 Product and Service Category System: United Nations Standard Products and 🗸 🧭 📋 📝 🖳							
	Enterprise Taxonomies) U	oload Taxono	my)(S	Status of U	Jpload (Ad	ld Taxonomy)		

11. On click of Add Taxonomy the next page appears where the user has to enter details for creating Taxonomy as shown below.



ORACLE [®] Enterpris Registry Control	e Manager 11 <i>g</i> Oracle Service Registry Skip to content Logout 🖁 🛷
Home > Registry man	agement > Find taxonomy > Add taxonomy Welcome admin
Browse Search	Publish Profile Manage
Registry management	Registry configuration × Registry control configuration
Add taxonomy	
* Name:	FLEXCUBE
tModel key:	
Description:	
* Categorization:	🗸 categorization 🔲 categorizationGroup 🔲 identifier 🔲 relationship
Compatibility:	🔽 bindingTemplate 🔽 businessEntity 🔽 businessService 🔽 tModel
	© checked internal
Validation:	C checked external Validation service endpoints: Version 3: Version 2: Version 1: C unchecked
Unvalidatable:	
System taxonomy:	
Reference to:	🗌 entityKey 🔲 businessKey 📄 serviceKey 📄 bindingKey 📄 tModelKey 📄 subscriptionKey
	🖸 existing comparator systimet-com:comparator:string
Value type:	C new comparator Comparator name: Transformer service endpoint:
Add to favorite:	V
Add to enterprise:	
	Save taxonomy Cancel)

12. While submitting details please make sure,

- The checked internal radio button is selected for validation else you'll have to write your own validation service. It's better if you use the internal validation.
- Do not check any of the check boxes for "Reference to" detail.
- Check the Add to favorite check box because searching for the taxonomy will be easier.
- 13. Once details are entered click the Save taxonomy button as shown above. Once the Taxonomy is saved you can find the same as shown below. Choose show favorite taxonomies to view the created Taxonomy.



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11 g			<u>Skip</u>	Oracle S	Service Registry Logout 🔯 🛷		
tome > Registry management > Find taxonomy Welcome admin							
Browse Search Publish Profile Registry management # Registry configuration # Registry configuration							
Find taxonomy							
show: favorite taxonomies							
Displaying results 1 - 1 of 1							
Name Description	Checked	Edit	Delete	Edit Structure	Download		
FLEXCUBE	~	1	Û	M			
Enterprise Taxonomies) (L	pload Taxono	omy S	Status of L	Jpload Ad	id Taxonomy		

14. In order to create a Taxonomy structure - Click on Edit Structure button as shown below.

ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g Registry Control		Oracle Se Skip to content	ervice Registry ogout 🔯 🗢
Home > Registry management > Find taxonomy		V	Velcome admin
Browse Search Publish Profile Manage			
Registry management × Registry configuration × Registry control configuration			
Find taxonomy			
show: favorite taxonomies			
Displaying results 1 - 1 of 1			
Name Description	Checked Edit	Delete Edit Structure	Download
FLEXCUBE	✓ 📝	î 📝	
(Enterprise Taxonomies) (Jpload Taxonomy) (S	Status of Upload Add	Taxonomy

15. On click of the Edit Structure, the next page opens where there is a button Add category, using which you'll be able to create a Taxonomy Structure as shown below.



CRACLE: Enterprise Manager 11 g Oracle Service Registry Registry Control Skip to content Logout # #
Home > Registry management > Find taxonomy > Edit taxonomy structure Welcome admin
Browse Search Publish Profile Manage
Registry management = Registry configuration = Registry control configuration
Edit taxonomy structure
🔊 FLEXCUBE 🖫
Reparent Selected Delete Selected Add category Back
Browse Search Publish Profile Manage

16. On click of the Add Category button the following screen is displayed where you'll have to enter details to create category as shown below.

ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11 g Registry Control Skip to c	Oracle Service Registry content Logout 🔯 🛷
Home > > Find taxonomy > Edit taxonomy structure > Add category	Welcome admin
Browse Search Publish Profile Manage	
Registry management * Registry configuration * Registry control configuration	
Add category	
Taxonomy: <u>FLEXCUBE</u>	
Parent category: none (Change parent)	
* Key name: Financial	
* Key value: 11	
Disabled:	
Save	e category) (Cancel) ,
Browse Search Publish Profile Manage	

17. While providing details to Add Category if you check the disabled check box, you cannot use this particular category for classification. Once the details are entered click Save category button as shown above.

A sample Taxonomy Structure is shown below.



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g Oracle Service Re Registry Control Skip to content Logout	gistry
Home > Registry management > Find taxonomy > Edit taxonomy structure Welcome a	admin
Browse Search Publish Profile Manage	
Registry management = Registry configuration = Registry control configuration	
Category 11 was successfully saved.	
Edit taxonomy structure 💩 🔬	
PrexCUBE B →	k
Browse Search Publish Profile Manage	

7.3 Publishing and Discovery of Services

7.3.1 Publish WSDL

Before starting with publishing the WSDL's the following items must be done.

- 1. User must be created and sufficient rights must be given to the user.
- 2. Web services that have to be published should already be deployed into the Application Server.
- 3. In order to do Publish the WSDL the user has to login into the Publish space from the home page as shown below i.e. Home > Publish



Oracle Service Registry)
Oracle Service Registry 11.1.1	Registry Step By Step Guide About Oracle Registry
Oracle Service Registry is the most complete and proven business services registry pr services. The Registry provides you with what you need to obtain enterprise-wide insig Much more than just a UDDI registry, the Registry captures and makes discoverable bu becoming the system of record for your business services Oracle Service Registry provides two user interfaces.	oviding a foundation for the governance and lifecycle management of your business hty control and economic leverage of your organization's business services assets. usiness service descriptions into a centrally managed, reliable and searchable location,
Registry Control	Business Service Control
Using the Registry Control users can browse and publish registry content, create subscriptions and perform ownership changes. The Registry Control is the primary console for administrators to perform registry management. Getting Started with the Registry Control B Browse - egistry content unduing services, service providers, service endpoints and interfaces, and business service artifacts Business Services Elindings tModels Direct get WSDL MML XSD XSLT Publish - By logging in you can publish registry content including services, service providers, service and publish registry content including services, service providers, gervice, and your favorite taxonomies. <u>Publish</u> Subscriptions Custody transfer <u>VISUL</u> XML XSD <u>VISUL</u> Profile - By logging in you can manage your user account <u>profile</u> including properties, groups, and your favorite taxonomies. <u>My account</u> <u>Groups</u> <u>Eavorite taxonomies</u> Manage - By logging in <u>administrators</u> can perform various management tasks <u>Registry configuration</u> <u>Refer to the Oracle Senice Registry User's Guide</u> and <u>Registry Control Reference</u> for more information	Using the Business Service Control developers, architects and business users can browse the various perspectives of the Registry including business-relevant dassifications such as service and interface lifecycle, compliance or operational/readiness status, and browsing information through business-relevant abstractions of SOA information such as schemas, interface local names or namespaces. The Business Service Control also provides easy to use and customizable publication wizards. Connect to the <u>Business Service Control</u>
	J

4. On click of Publish, the following screen will be displayed where the user has to submit credentials i.e. username & password (username & password that was submitted during OSR Installation).

Login	
User name:	admin
Password:	Joseph Contraction
Login	Cancel

.

- 5. On successful submission of credentials, the following page will be displayed, where you can find the Business that you have created on the left pane i.e. admin's workspace.
- 6. In order to publish a WSDL you'll have to click the Publish WSDL button as shown below.



ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11 g Registry Control			Oracle Servi Skip to content Logo	ce Registry ut 🔯 🛷
Home > Edit business			Weld	ome admin
Browse Search Publish Profile	Manage			
Publish = Subscriptions = Custody transfer = WSI	DL = XML = XSD = XSLT			
admin's workspace Businesses > E	Edit business 'FLEXCUBE' Services Service name No business services found. Projected services: Service name No projected services found.	Description	Image: Collect projected service Collect projected services	
			Publish WSDL Save changes	

7. On click of Publish WSDL button the following screen will be displayed where you will be asked to enter the WSDL location (URI) as shown below.

ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11 Registry Control	g	Oracle Service Registry Skip to content Logout 🕼 🛷
Home > Edit business > Publish WS	DL document	Welcome admin
Browse Search Publish	Profile Manage	
Publish = Subscriptions = Custody tr	ansfer = WSDL = XML = XSD = XSLT	
Publish WSDL document	entity by selecting its key or create a new business entity which will be used for publishing.]
* Business key	uddi:755d2390-8494-11e1-9c16-423c3c719c15 Create new business	Find business key
* WSDL location (URI)	http://iflchw-ap-21:7701/FCUBSAccService/FCUBSAccService?WSDL	7
Advanced mode		
		Publish Cancel

The WSDL (URI) looks something like this

http://iflchw-ap-21:7701/FCUBSAccService/FCUBSAccService?WSDL where

<Hostname> : iflchw-ap-21



<Port> : 7701

<Service Name>: FCUBSAccService

As you have already deployed the web services into the Application Server, in case you want to cross check for the WSDL (URI) you can copy paste the same link onto the Internet Explorer, but make sure that you change the <Hostname>: <Port> & <Service Name> accordingly. This link will generate an xml message on the browser.

8. Specify the same link for publishing the WSDL and click the Publish button in the Oracle Service Registry Tool. This completes the WSDL publishing & in turn web services.

DRACLE [®] Enterprise Manager 11 <i>g</i> Registry Control		Oracle Service Registr Skip to content Logout			
Home > Edit business > Publish WSDL document		Welcome admi			
Browse Search Publish Profile	Manage				
Publish = Subscriptions = Custody transfer = WSD	L = XML = XSD = XSLT				
Publishing summary					
WSDL <u>http://iflchw-ap-21:7701/FCUBSAccService/F</u> Registry:	CUBSAccService?WSDL 🗗 has been succe	essfully processed and the following entities have been published to the Oracle			
WSDL service FCUBSAccService mapped to UDDI business service <u>FCUBSAccService (uddi:8b59d040-8498-11e1-9c17-423c3c719c15)</u> WSDL ports have been mapped to UDDI binding templates:					
Name		Binding key			
FCUBSAccServiceSEI		uddi:8b636d30-8498-11e1-9c17-423c3c719c15			
WSDL bindings have been mapped to UDDI tModels					
Name	Namespace	tModel			
FCUBSAccServiceSEIBinding	http://types.ws.gw.fcubs.ofss.com	FCUBSAccServiceSEIBinding (uddi:8b3d4790-8498-11e1-9c17-423c3c719c15)			
WSDL portTypes have been mapped to UDDI tMode	ls:				
Name	Namespace	tModel			
FCUBSAccServiceSEI	http://types.ws.gw.fcubs.ofss.com	FCUBSAccServiceSEI (uddi:8b2579d0-8498-11e1-9c17-423c3c719c15)			

7.3.2 Associate Classification

Once Taxonomy is created using Taxonomy Management, user can Associate classification to the services that have been published. First step to follow is to find your way to this particular page shown below i.e. Home > Publish.

ORACLE Enterprise Manager 11g Oracle Service Regist Registry Control Skip to content Logout						ice Registry out 🔯 🛷
Home > Edit service					Wel	come admin
Browse Search Publish Profile	<u>Manage</u>					
Publish = Subscriptions = Custody transfer = W	<u>SDL</u> = <u>XML</u> = <u>XSD</u> = <u>XSLT</u>					
i admin's workspace	Edit service 'FCUBSAc	cService'			ß	
	tModel key	Key name	KeyValue			DETAILS
	uddi-org:xml:namespace	uddi.org:xml:namespace	http://types.ws.gw.fcubs.ofss.com	1	Û	
FCUBSAccService. »	uddi-org:wsdl:types	uddi.org:wsdl:types	service	1	Û	BINDINGS
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9. On this page you'll see Add Category on the right pane, Click it. Here choose the taxonomy that you have created by selecting the correct value from the drop down menu. Once the above step is completed all you have to do is check the particular category that you want to associate the web service & save the same as shown below.



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This completes Associating Classification to Web services.



7.3.3 Discovering Services

Based on Classification criteria, user can search for services. Oracle Service Registry returns all the services which meet the defined search criteria. For achieving this go to the particular page shown below i.e. Home>Browse. Here you can find the Taxonomy that you have created & click on any of the categories that has been maintained; on the right pane you can find the list of services that have been associated with the particular category.

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Displaying results 1 - 1 of 1	
Browse Filter Query	



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